

That section 4 (c) of the Act, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"(c) On the first day of each regular session of Congress the Attorney General shall transmit to Congress a full and complete statement of all compromise settlements effected by the Attorney General under this Act, as amended, during the previous year, stating the name and address of each claimant, the amount claimed, and the amount awarded. All awards shall be paid in like manner as are final judgments of the Court of Claims."

Report to Congress.

That section 4 (d) of the Act, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"(d) Except as herein provided, the payment of an award shall be final and conclusive for all purposes, notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, and shall be a full discharge of the United States and all of its officers, agents, servants, and employees with respect to all claims arising out of the same subject matter."

That section 7 of the Act is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 7. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated for the purposes of this Act such sums as Congress may from time to time determine to be necessary."

50 USC app.
1987.
Appropriations.

That subsection 3 (a) of the Act is amended by striking out "to be heard and".

50 USC app.
1983.

That subsection 3 (b) of the Act is amended by striking out "hearing or".

That subsection 3 (c) of the Act is amended by striking out "written" and "hearings and".

Approved July 9, 1956.

Public Law 674

CHAPTER 532

AN ACT

To amend the Canal Zone Code by the addition of provisions relative to the registration of architects and professional engineers, and the regulation of their practice.

July 9, 1956
[H. R. 7811]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That title 2 of the Canal Zone Code is amended by adding thereto a new chapter 25 embracing sections 501–505, and reading as follows:

Canal Zone Code,
amendment.

"CHAPTER 25—REGISTRATION OF ARCHITECTS AND PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS

"Sec.

"501. Practice of architecture and engineering declared to be subject to regulation.

"502. Regulations authorized.

"503. Punishment for violations.

"504. Injunction to restrain violation.

"505. Investigations; attendance of witnesses; production of books and papers; subpoena procedure; witness fees.

"§ 501. Practice of architecture and engineering declared to be subject to regulation

"In order to safeguard life, health, and property and to promote the public welfare, the practice of architecture and engineering in the Canal Zone are hereby declared to be subject to regulation in the public interest. It is further declared to be a matter of public interest and concern that the professions of architecture and engineering merit and receive the confidence of the public and that only qualified persons be permitted to engage in the practice of architecture and engineering.

“§ 502. Regulations authorized

“The Governor of the Canal Zone is hereby authorized to prescribe, and from time to time alter and amend, regulations for the Canal Zone governing the registration, and regulating the practice, of architects and professional engineers. Such regulations may include provisions covering issuance, suspension, revocation, and reissuance of certificates of registration, and may also provide for the certification of architects-in-training and engineers-in-training, and for the levying of appropriate fees.

“§ 503. Punishment for violations

“Any person who shall violate any regulation established under authority of the next preceding section shall be punishable by a fine of not more than \$500, or by imprisonment in jail for not more than one year, or by both.

“§ 504. Injunction to restrain violation

“The District Attorney for the Canal Zone is hereby authorized to apply for relief by injunction to restrain a person from the commission of any act which may be prohibited by the regulations established under authority of section 502 of this title. In such proceedings it shall not be necessary for the District Attorney to allege or prove either that an adequate remedy at law does not exist, or that substantial and irreparable damage would result from the continued violation thereof.

“§ 505. Investigations; attendance of witnesses; production of books and papers; subpoena procedure; witness fees

“In the administration and enforcement of the provisions of this chapter and of the regulations prescribed under authority thereof, the Governor or such officer or officers as he may designate shall have power (a) to investigate for unauthorized and unlawful practice, to require the attendance of witnesses and the production of books and papers, and to require such witnesses to testify as to any and all matters within his jurisdiction, and (b) to issue subpoenas and to administer oaths. Upon the failure of any person to attend as a witness, when duly subpoenaed, or to produce documents when duly directed, the Governor or other designated officer shall have power to refer the matter to the judge of the United States District Court for the District of the Canal Zone, who may order the attendance of such witness, or the production of such documents or require the said witness to testify, as the case may be, and upon the failure of the witness to attend, to testify, or to produce such documents, as the case may be, such witness may be punished for contempt of court as for failure to obey a subpoena issued or to testify in a case pending before said court. Witnesses in proceedings before the Governor or other designated officer shall be paid the same fees that are paid witnesses in the United States District Court for the District of the Canal Zone.”

Approved July 9, 1956.

Public Law 675

CHAPTER 533

AN ACT

To amend the Texas City Disaster Claims Act.

July 9, 1956
[H. R. 11499]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of August 12, 1955 (69 Stat. 707), is amended by striking out “prior to” where it appears in section 3 (a) and substituting in lieu thereof “on